Practical Perspectives for Back to Work

May 15, 2020



Bruce Sammis

Introduction









Meet the Speakers



Christian Moreno
MODERATOR
Vice President
Lockton Dunning Benefits



Shealynn Buck, MDChief Medical Officer



Tom Diaz, MD
Sr Medical Director
Chief Clinical Technology
Officer



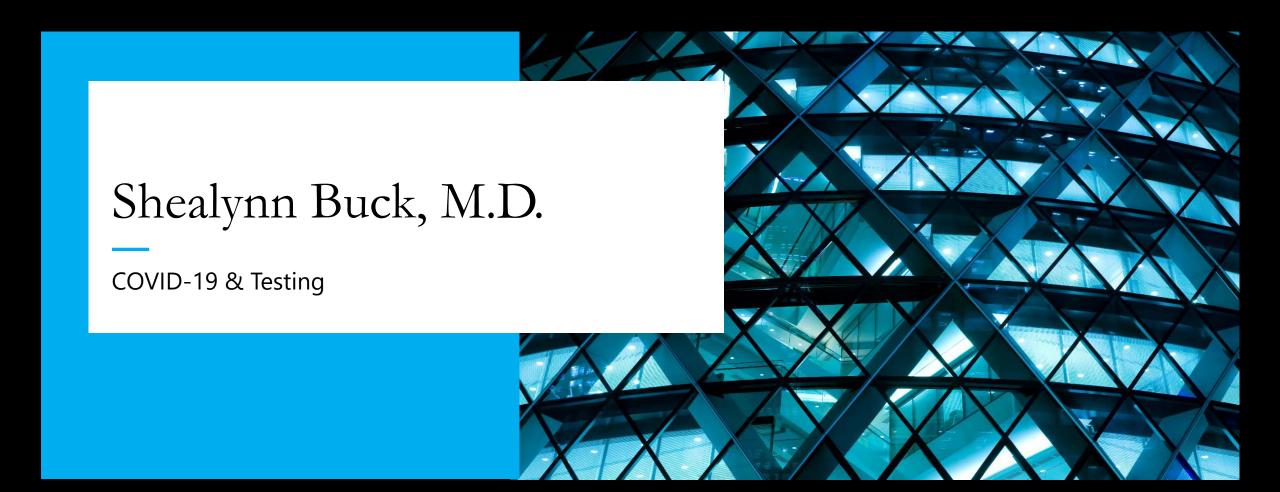
Ed Fensholt, JD

Sr Vice President

Director, Compliance Services



Scott Behrens, JD
Sr ERISA Attorney
Director of Government
Relations





COVID-19 testing considerations

- COVID-19 testing is a medical exam and multi-step process requiring clinical oversight and expertise.
- Two types of tests: a viral test detects current infection intended to diagnose a person an antibody test detects past infection intended for research purposes.
- As tests have rapidly entered the market there is concern about accuracy and reliability.

COVID-19 Testing Process

	, in				= * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	?	?	×↑
Steps	Test individual	Sample collection	Sample handling	Testing provider	Test performance in ideal conditions	Test performance in real-world conditions	Results interpretation and communication	Reaction and action from results
Considerations & Pitfalls	If the individual's criteria aren't aligned with intended use of the test, this can cause misleading results.	If a sample is not properly collected, it can be inaccurate or untestable, causing patient care delay and waste.	If a sample is not handled properly, this can cause inaccuracies in test results.	If a test is performed by an inexperienced user or not in the proper setting, inaccuracies and misleading results can occur.	A manufacturer validates a test using a strict protocol. Performance cannot be assumed if test subject, sample or conditions differ from ideal.	If a lab reports the manufacturer's test performance as their own, this is a red flag. They should provide validation documentation using their staff and lab instruments.	If a test is misinterpreted, it can result in misunderstanding and negative outcomes.	Consider how an individual will react to the results. Answering the 'so what?' and 'now what?' are critical before purchasing and performing testing.

Myth Busters — Work site reopening

- No COVID-19 test has been designated for employee screening for work site reopening purposes.
- No COVID-19 test is FDA-approved only emergency use authorized.
 There's a difference.
- There is no national standard protocol for testing for work site reopening purposes.
- The testing process isn't quick or simple for the person being tested.
- COVID-19 testing is not a simple kit that anyone can perform.
- Testing is not a stand-alone safety net for preventing COVID-19 work site exposure.



Buyer Beware: Loosening of testing regulations has opened the door for slick marketing of COVID-19 testing for reopening a work site.

COVID-19 test results impact people's lives – think through the limitations of testing for work site reopening and be prepared for the consequences of the results before you implement testing.





Contact Tracing: What, Why and How



Testing:

Contact tracing begins with those who have tested positive for COVID-19. The method is most effective when integrally linked to widespread testing.



Identification:

Contacts are identified and listed: those who have had meaningful exposure to the diagnosed individual during the period of potential transmission, which begins before the onset of symptoms.



Notification:

Contacts are notified of their status, and are informed of implications and next steps, such as how to find care. Depending on local public health guidance, quarantine or isolation could be required for high-risk contacts.





Contacts are monitored regularly for symptoms and tested for infection. Results of monitoring help determine the most appropriate intervention, including quarantine.

Approaches to contact tracing share basic elements but can differ in terms of technology; traditional contact tracing uses telephone and in-person contact; newer approaches use mobile apps and data. Governments need to evaluate the implications of alternative approaches to tracking and tracing for privacy and individual liberties.

Best practices within the workplaces

- Start with safe workplace fundamentals
- No simple task
- Training staff and communication strategies
- Resource intensive but essential in the return to work strategy
 - Warn exposed and close contacts rapidly and sensitively (protect privacy)
 - Contacts should stay home for 14 days
 - Self monitor for symptoms with temperature checks for 14 days
 - Report any symptoms to their healthcare provider
 - If any symptoms, promptly self isolate and follow CDC guidance
- Technology solutions are coming but privacy issues a concern





Three hot benefits topics — Returning to work

Avoiding ACA Employer Mandate Issues in the "Return To Work" Effort

- Recalls after short-term layoffs and new waiting periods
- What happens with eligibility in 2021?

COVID-19 Testing Issues

- The FFCRA testing coverage mandate and home kits/antibody testing
- Return to work testing, and who pays?
- Premium credits and premium payment grace periods...be careful

The Recent Stuff

- Feds toll the running of many healthcare plan deadlines
- Feds relax cafeteria plan coverage change rules... but ignore the \$5,000 gorilla in the room





Which locations can reopen?

- Key questions for employers:
 - Who has the authority to say whether an employer can reopen?
 - Who has the authority to say what rules an employer must follow if it does reopen?
- The answers to these questions are determined location-by-location and may require examination of federal, tribal, state, county and city specific guidance.

Future federal legislative impacts

House Democrat's HEROES Act

- COBRA subsidies
- Requires OSHA to set RTW standards and employers to develop exposure control plans
- Extends increased unemployment benefits
- Expands employee retention tax credit
- Paycheck Protection Program reforms
- Retirement plan funding relief
- Surprise billing / balance billing limitations
- Expands paid leave requirements
- No cost coverage for treatment

Senate Republican's Concerns

- Liability protections for businesses reopening
- Hundreds of billions remain available from CARES
- Health concerns for fall and winter

QCA - Open Discussion

Additional Info — Contact

Christian Moreno cmoreno@lockton.com

Office: 214-969-6162

Cell: 214-514-2564



